



# Childhood Hunger in Florida



Millions of children in the United States are growing up facing hunger, a number that has grown due to the coronavirus pandemic, especially within Black, Latino, and rural communities. Hunger takes a profound toll on children's health, happiness, and their ability to build successful futures and break the cycle of poverty.

**Childhood hunger is, however, a solvable problem. As an elected leader, you have the power to help and, together, we can ensure that all children get the nutrition they need to grow up healthy, educated and strong.**

With your leadership, we can:

- develop, share and implement a replicable “blueprint” for ending childhood hunger;
- enact bold strategies that provide better access to meal programs;
- promote innovative solutions to remove barriers so that children in low-income families can access nutrition programs, and;
- advocate for critical policy changes to ensure thousands more children in need are receiving healthy meals every day.

As a state elected official, you are on the front lines of this crisis. You can transform an issue into a movement. With collaborative guidance, you can use your role to raise awareness about childhood hunger, advance proven solutions and institute policies that bring about lasting changes to increase access to child nutrition programs and end childhood hunger.

No Kid Hungry is focused on relief and recovering as a nation from this crisis. This year, 1 in 5 kids may face hunger in Florida. We are working to end childhood hunger by helping launch and improve programs that give all the kids the healthy food they need to thrive.

We look forward to being your partner throughout this journey,



Lisa Davis  
Senior Vice President, No Kid Hungry Campaign  
Share Our Strength

## In Their Own Words



Together, we can reach more kids with the food they need to grow up healthy, educated and strong. No Kid Hungry is proud of the work we have done with **elected officials, educators, chefs and community leaders** to build public support and provide leadership around policies to end childhood hunger in the United States.



“We want to fight hunger, particularly among our children. There are kids, regrettably, who go to school that are hungry and if they don’t have something there in that environment, they’re going to be hungry all day. **It’s hard to learn when you’re thinking about an empty stomach.**”

**ASA HUTCHINSON**  
GOVERNOR OF ARKANSAS



“As a former teacher, I have seen first-hand what can happen when children attend school without having enough to eat. It impacts them in many ways. **When kids get regular healthy meals they do better on tests, have fewer discipline and health problems and are more likely to graduate from high school.**”

**DONNA EDWARDS**  
FIRST LADY OF LOUISIANA



“Hunger is not a Democratic problem or a Republican problem: it’s an American problem. **While the face of hunger looks different in every community, one thing is true across the nation: America’s farmers stand ready to help fulfill their mission of providing food to those who need it most.**”

**RYAN QUARLES**  
KENTUCKY COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE



“As a former school teacher for over 16 years, I know from experience the enormous impact that nutritious school meals can have on a child’s success. **With over a million children in California facing food insecurity during this pandemic, there is no more important fight than the fight against hunger.**”

**BLANCA E. RUBIO**  
CALIFORNIA ASSEMBLYWOMAN (D-BALDWIN PARK)



“No child in Richmond or any city around the country deserves to spend one day hungry. **In the face of a global pandemic, this country will be defined by whether it chooses to stand behind hardworking families or decides to abandon them in a time of unprecedented need.**”

**LEVAR STONEY**  
MAYOR OF RICHMOND, VIRGINIA  
CHAIR OF MAYORS ALLIANCE TO END CHILDHOOD HUNGER

## The Problem: Childhood Hunger in Florida



Food insecurity looks different in every household. For some families, the pantry is completely empty. In others, parents skip dinner a few nights a week so their kids can have something to eat in the evening. No matter how food insecurity manifests, a lot is at stake for these children, families and the communities where they live. When kids don't get the consistent nutrition they need each day throughout the year, it's harder for them to grow up healthy, educated and strong. Consistent access to nutrition is linked to cognitive and physical development, better long-term health, higher test scores and better education outcomes.

Unfortunately, because policies and practices entrenched in our laws and society leave millions of children behind, especially in rural, tribal and communities of color, the promise of opportunity remains unfairly out of reach for far too many children. The COVID-19 pandemic has exacerbated these existing deep-rooted disparities, increasing the severity of a myriad health and economic crises, pushing millions more families into poverty and hunger throughout the country. In Florida, the new reality created by the pandemic has made it harder for children to access no-cost meals provided by schools and community organizations. **As a result, 1 in 5 kids may face hunger in Florida.<sup>1</sup>**

### COVID-19: Impact on Child Food Insecurity



19%

of children may face hunger in Florida<sup>1</sup>



17%

of children were in food insecure households in Florida in 2019<sup>1</sup>



# The Solution: Strengthening Nutrition Programs



Our nation's federal nutrition programs work together to connect children to the food they need. Many of these programs, however, are underutilized or can be difficult to access, especially during the pandemic. Eliminating barriers and maximizing participation in these programs will help combat rising child food insecurity in Florida. While strengthening these programs often requires federal action, state level policy changes and innovations can play a major role. This section describes the various nutrition programs followed by an action list on how Florida can help these programs operate more effectively and reach more children facing economic insecurity.

## School Meals

For many children, school meals are their only source of consistent nutrition. Prior to the pandemic, children had access to school breakfast and lunch in a more predictable manner which lead to calmer, more focused classrooms where students are better able to learn. The importance of school meals has never been more apparent than when schools closed classroom learning due to the pandemic. While learning models vary, with some schools operating only virtually or with hybrid models, school cafeterias have been operating continuously since March 2020, providing critical nutrition to students across Florida.

Meals look different now, and school nutrition staff are coming up with innovative ways to keep kids fed through delivery, pick up, and in person models. This has put considerable strain on school nutrition budgets, threatening to cause layoffs and cuts across these important departments.

**2,065,374**

The number of Florida students eligible for free and reduced-price school meals in 2019<sup>2</sup>

## Summer Meals

Summer is the hungriest time of year for many kids from families facing economic hardship because school breakfast and lunch are unavailable. Summer meal programs—which are operated by schools and community organizations and provide free meals at congregate sites to children 18 and under—can help kids get the nutrition they need during these difficult months. But, transportation challenges, bureaucratic hurdles and even extreme weather can become barriers to participation. As a result, summer meals only reached 13.8% of eligible children in Florida in 2019.<sup>3</sup>

In 2019, summer meals reached **13.8%** of eligible children<sup>3</sup>

## Afterschool Meals

Too many kids don't get enough to eat between lunch and breakfast the next morning. Afterschool meals help kids get the nutrition they need once the school day ends. Having these meals reimbursed by the USDA also helps schools and community organizations save money and redirect funds into additional programming or staffing.

In FY 2019, the number of afterschool meals and snacks served in Florida was just **16.79%** of free or reduced-price school lunches<sup>7</sup>

## In Times of Crisis: Addressing Hunger

### SNAP

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is a powerful tool for ending childhood hunger in the United States. SNAP provides eligible households with a grocery store benefit, that allows families to purchase healthy food and ingredients. It helps decrease food insecurity, lifts kids out of poverty and is linked to better physical health and stronger academic success in children.

In Florida, almost  
**60%**  
of SNAP participants  
are in families with  
children<sup>5</sup>

Now, as many families struggle with economic impacts of COVID-19, the program is more important than ever. In FY 2019, SNAP reached 2,847,000 Florida residents.<sup>5</sup> During the pandemic, program flexibilities have been allowed to ensure those hardest hit by the pandemic have better access to needed food and nutrition through SNAP. These include flexibilities related to benefit application, processing and recertification, and the availability of the maximum benefit level for current program participants. SNAP is also one of the most effective ways to boost the local economy, money spent at grocery stores and markets leads to more jobs, wages and local economic activity in the community. In fact, every SNAP dollar that households spend expands the local economy by about \$1.50 to \$1.80.

### WIC

The Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children (WIC) assists low-income pregnant and post-partum women, infants and children up to age five with food, nutrition education, breastfeeding support and health care referrals.

During the pandemic, USDA is maximizing the use of existing program flexibilities and the waiver authority provided by Congress to ensure children and families who need it can participate in WIC. Despite the benefits, many women, infants, and children are not participating in the program due to the administrative burden. In addition, many women leave the program after their child turns one as infant formula benefits end. State officials can eliminate red tape to ensure that eligible women, infants, and children can continue to participate in the program.

In 2018, only  
**99.1%**  
of eligible infants  
and  
**43.9%**  
of eligible children  
(ages 1-4) were  
participating in WIC  
in Florida<sup>6</sup>

### Pandemic EBT

Pandemic EBT (P-EBT) was initially authorized by Congress in the Families First Coronavirus Response Act in March 2020. P-EBT provides grocery assistance directly to households with K-12 students eligible for free and reduced-price school meals when schools are closed or when schools have a hybrid attendance schedule. The amount of assistance a family receives is equal to the value of school breakfasts, lunches and snacks that are missed. In January 2021, children under the age of 6 who are in households that receive SNAP and live in or attend child care in an area where one or more schools or child care facilities are closed or operate with reduced attendance became eligible to receive P-EBT. P-EBT was extended for the 2021-2022 school year for eligible K-12 students and children under the age of 6.

**2,185,000**  
children were  
eligible for P-EBT in  
summer 2021<sup>4</sup>

# The No Kid Hungry Strategy



As the pandemic continues, millions of children in the U.S. continue to face poverty and hunger. Many kids count on the meals they get at school each day. But even as school staff and community leaders work to feed students, children are missing important meals.

No Kid Hungry has a plan to make sure those children are fed, both during this crisis and in the recovery to follow. Through a combination of emergency grants, strategic assistance, advocacy, and awareness, No Kid Hungry is helping kids, families, and communities get the resources they need.



## BUILD CAPACITY THROUGH TARGETED INVESTMENTS

Since March 2020, No Kid Hungry has granted over \$100 million to 2,377 organizations. No Kid Hungry school and community grantees have reported serving nearly 1.5 billion meals to children and families across the country. Granting will also continue in the new year. **As of November 2021, No Kid Hungry has invested \$7,619,546 in grants for solutions that work in Florida.**



## CREATE EFFECTIVE PARTNERSHIPS

No Kid Hungry works with corporate and philanthropic supporters like **Citi, Arby's Foundation, Discovery, Inc., and Walmart Foundation** and strong local partners to build relationships with schools and community leaders to provide better access to the programs that feed kids.



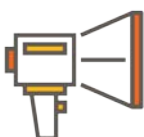
## DEVELOP NONPARTISAN PARTNERSHIPS

No Kid Hungry builds **strong, bipartisan support** among elected leaders around streamlined data collection, pragmatic policy actions and collaboration to strengthen child nutrition programs.



## BRING RESOURCES AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

No Kid Hungry provides **expertise, best practices, collaborative planning** and **bold strategies** to maximize meal accessibility.



## MAXIMIZE PUBLIC AWARENESS AND SUPPORT FOR STRATEGIES

No Kid Hungry ensures families facing economic hardship have information about the programs that can help them have better food access through our meal finder map, texting line and outreach campaigns. Lastly, No Kid Hungry enhances public awareness of childhood hunger, creating new momentum by celebrating champions, building support for solutions and celebrating successes.

# Deep Dive: Children facing hunger projections in Florida by County<sup>1</sup>



County	Child food insecurity rate - %
Alachua	19%
Baker	19%
Bay	22%
Bradford	28%
Brevard	19%
Broward	20%
Calhoun	21%
Charlotte	22%
Citrus	26%
Clay	16%
Collier	17%
Columbia	23%
DeSoto	24%
Dixie	27%
Duval	22%
Escambia	23%
Flagler	20%

County	Child food insecurity rate - %
Franklin	28%
Gadsden	32%
Gilchrist	24%
Glades	22%
Gulf	21%
Hamilton	34%
Hardee	23%
Hendry	22%
Hernando	22%
Highlands	27%
Hillsborough	19%
Holmes	26%
Indian River	20%
Jackson	26%
Jefferson	25%
Lafayette	15%
Lake	21%



# Deep Dive: Children facing hunger projections in Florida by County<sup>1</sup>



County	Child food insecurity rate - %
Lee	20%
Leon	20%
Levy	25%
Liberty	23%
Madison	32%
Manatee	19%
Marion	24%
Martin	16%
Miami-Dade	20%
Monroe	16%
Nassau	17%
Okaloosa	18%
Okeechobee	24%
Orange	21%
Osceola	22%
Palm Beach	19%
Pasco	19%

County	Child food insecurity rate - %
Pinellas	19%
Polk	23%
Putnam	29%
St. Johns	12%
St. Lucie	20%
Santa Rosa	17%
Sarasota	17%
Seminole	16%
Sumter	21%
Suwannee	23%
Taylor	28%
Union	24%
Volusia	22%
Wakulla	18%
Walton	21%
Washington	26%
<b>State Total</b>	<b>19%</b>

## About No Kid Hungry Florida

For nearly 40 years, Share Our Strength has been a nonprofit leader, creating innovative, sustainable ways to help people out of poverty. In 2010, we launched No Kid Hungry, a national campaign to end childhood hunger in America by changing the way that schools, communities and entire cities ensure hungry children have the food they need.

This year, as many as 809,480 kids may face hunger in Florida.<sup>1</sup> But this is a solvable problem. Throughout the COVID-19 pandemic, investments in nutrition programs helped protect many families from hunger and helped stave off greater rates of child food insecurity despite the severe economic hardships brought on by the pandemic. This is complicated work, but we know what strategies have been successful and today, we have the momentum and opportunity to make real progress. Throughout this crisis and its aftermath, No Kid Hungry is working to ensure that policies and nutrition programs are adapting to meet the needs of families and that schools and communities have the funding, flexibility, guidance and strategies to support children's access to three healthy meals a day—now and in the future.



## CONTACTS

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<sup>1</sup> Map the Meal Gap 2020, Feeding America, <https://map.feedingamerica.org/> & The Impact of the Coronavirus on Food Insecurity, Feeding America, March 2021, <https://www.feedingamerica.org/research/coronavirus-hunger-research/>

<sup>2</sup> Child Nutrition Tables, Data & Research, U.S. Department of Agriculture, <https://www.fns.usda.gov/pd/child-nutrition-tables>

<sup>3</sup> Hunger Doesn't Take a Vacation: Summer Nutrition Status Report, FRAC, <https://frac.org/wp-content/uploads/FRAC-Summer-Nutrition-Report-2020.pdf>

<sup>4</sup> Pandemic EBT – Summer 2021 – Projected Beneficiaries and Value of Benefits, United State Department of Agriculture Food and Nutrition Service, <https://www.fns.usda.gov/resource/pandemic-ebt-summer-2021-projected-beneficiaries-and-value-benefits>

<sup>5</sup> A Closer Look at Who Benefits from SNAP: State-by-State Fact Sheets, Center on Budget and Policy Priorities, <https://www.cbpp.org/research/a-closer-look-at-who-benefits-from-snap-state-by-state-fact-sheets#Alabama>

<sup>6</sup> WIC Coverage Rates by State 2018, United States Department of Agriculture Food and Nutrition Service, <https://fns-prod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/resource-files/WICEligibles2018-Volume2.pdf>

<sup>7</sup> Celebrating Ten Years Of Afterschool Meals: Looking Back And Looking Ahead, No Kid Hungry, <http://bestpractices.nokidhungry.org/sites/default/files/2020-12/Celebrating%2010%20Years%20of%20Afterschool%20Meals%20Full%20Report.pdf>