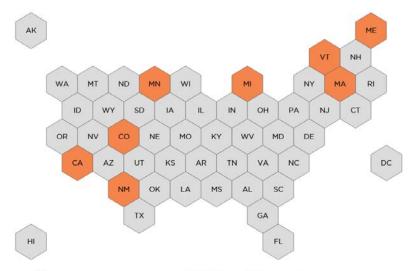
NO-COST SCHOOL MEALS STATE POLICY LANDSCAPE

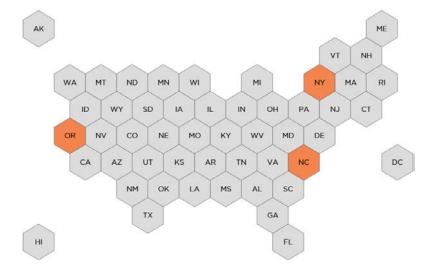


Healthy School Meals for All (HSM4A)

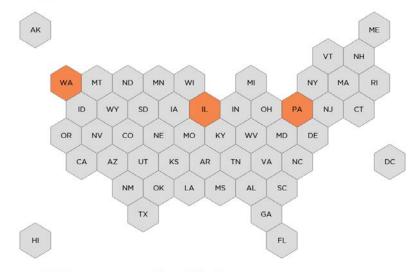
8 States Provided HSM4A in SY24-25



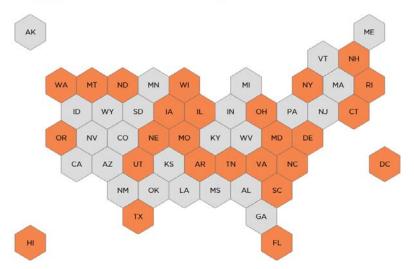
3 States Provided a CEP Incentive in SY24-25



3 States Provided Limited HSM4A in SY24-25



26 States are Considering HSM4A in 2025

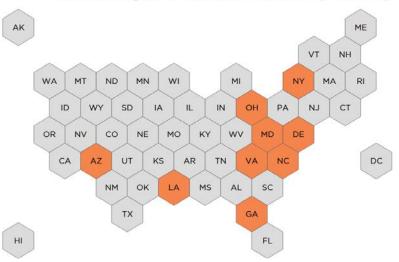


NO-COST SCHOOL MEALS STATE POLICY LANDSCAPE

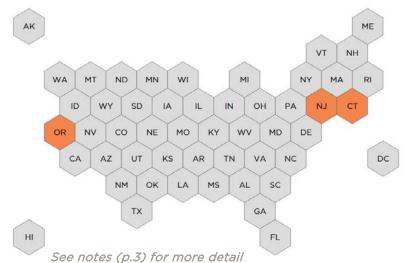


Expanded Individual Eligibility

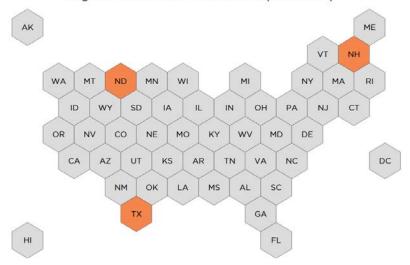
States Provide No-Cost Breakfast and Lunch for Students Eligible for Reduced-Price Meals (185% FPL)



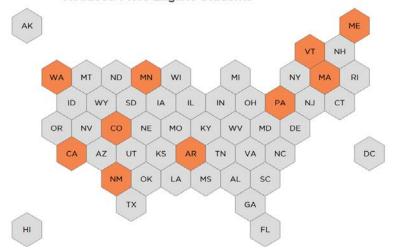
3 States Provide No-Cost Breakfast & Lunch for Students with Household Income of >185% FPL



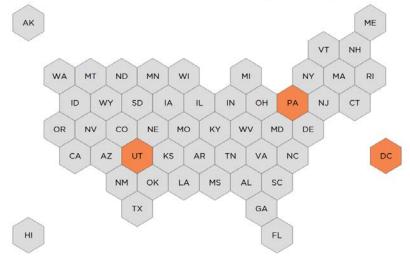
3 States Provide No-Cost Breakfast Only for Students Eligible for Reduced-Price Meals (185% FPL)



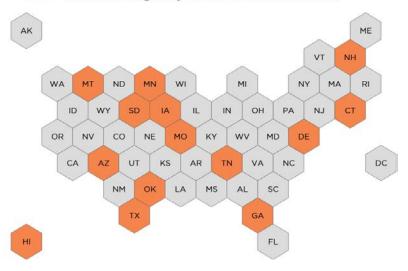
States with HSM4A Previously Enacted Laws to Provide No-Cost Breakfast and Lunch to Reduced-Price Eligible Students



States Provide No-Cost Lunch Only for Students Eligible for Reduced-Price Meals (185% FPL)



14 States are Considering Legislation to Expand Individual Eligibility for No-Cost Meals in 2025



NO-COST SCHOOL MEALS STATE POLICY LANDSCAPE



Notes

Last updated: April 15, 2025

Visit our Nutrition & Economic Assistance State Legislation Dashboard for real-time updates on no-cost school meals legislation.

HEALTHY SCHOOL MEALS FOR ALL (p.1)

Current HSM4A States

- Seven of the eight states have permanent HSM4A policies, though they require continued appropriations to implement them.
- Michigan has a temporary HSM4A policy that was enacted (<u>S.B. 0173</u>) and has been sustained (<u>H.B. 5507</u>) through budget bills and therefore requires further action to either be made permanent or fund beyond SY24-25.

Limited HSM4A States

- Illinois enacted legislation to create a HSM4A program (H.B. 2471); however, it is currently unfunded.
- Washington's HSM4A law (H.B. 1238) applies to students in kindergarten to grade four who attend public schools with ≥30% of students who qualify for free and reduced-price meals.
- Pennsylvania's 2023 appropriations bill (H.B. 611) provided funding for no-cost breakfast for all public-school students, which was continued via the 2024 appropriations bill (S.1001).

Considering HSM4A

• Includes Arkansas, which enacted legislation in February 2025 to provide no-cost breakfast for all public-school students beginning in SY25-26 (S.B. 59)..

HSM4A with Previous ERP

- Pennsylvania's 2023 appropriations bill (<u>H.B. 611</u>) also provided funding for school lunch for reduced-price eligible students.
- Arkansas enacted legislation in February 2025 to provide no-cost breakfast too all public-school students starting in SY25-26.

EXPANDED INDIVIDUAL ELIGIBILITY (p.2)

A student qualifies for reduced-price meals with a household income of 130-185% of the Federal Poverty Level (FPL). When states expand individual eligibility for no-cost meals to reduced-price eligible students (often called eliminating the reduced-price category/co-pay, or ERP), the state reimburses schools for the copay they would ordinarily charge. State can and have also gone beyond the 185% threshold.

Expanded Eligibility 185-300% FPL

- Three states with expanded individual eligibility for no-cost meals for students with household incomes greater than 185% of the FPL are as follows:
 - CT: 200% FPL
 - NJ: 224% FPL
 - OR: 300% FPL

ERP Lunch

Utah enacted ERP lunch in March 2025 and will become effective for SY25-26 (H.B.100).

Considering Expanded Eligibility

• This includes bills that expand individual eligibility to reduced-price eligible students (i.e. ERP) and those that expand individual eligibility beyond 185% FPL. Several of these are to continue existing expanded eligibility policies (CT, GA, TX). One proposal is to change an existing HSM4A policy to expanded individual eligibility (MN).